

RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

Table with 3 columns: Train Name, Direction, Time. Includes Texas and Pacific R.R., Missouri Pacific R.R., Transcontinental R.R., and Fort Worth and Denver R.R.

Connections at Fort Worth. The Texas Pacific bound south connects with the Missouri Pacific bound south, and the Fort Worth and Denver bound north.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

For City Marshal. We are authorized to announce George W. Weir as a candidate for city marshal, election in April, 1888.

FOR 25 CENTS.

Advertisements of four or five lines or less inserted in this column at twenty-five cents, each insertion. Each additional line ten cents.

CALDWELL.

Convenient Railroad Connections—Improvements—Farming and Stock Notes.

Correspondence of the Gazette. Caldwell, January 15.—A few months ago it seemed quite a distance from our little village to your city, but the great Gulf, Colorado and Santa Fe Railroad has made us almost next door neighbors.

FORTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS.

Senate.

Washington, January 15.—Mr. Pendleton presented remonstrances of Cincinnati manufacturers of iron roofing against a reduction of duty on tin plate.

By Mr. Jones—A remonstrance of the New Orleans China dealers against an increase of the duty on china.

Messrs. Sherman and Pendleton—For an appropriation to make immigrant inspectors as a means of preventing the spread of small-pox.

Mr. Voorhees—Petition signed by eminent Indians favoring legislation putting an end to monopoly of medical employments under the government, by a regular school, and making all qualified physicians equal before the law in the government service.

Mr. Garland—Against interference with the tariff on cotton-seed oil.

Mr. Harris—Against the passage of the bankrupt law.

A number of bills were then introduced and referred, and at the close of the morning business the bill for the relief of Ben Holliday was taken up.

The question being on Mr. Plumb's motion to substitute for a bill to enlarge the powers and duties of the department of agriculture.

Mr. Davis of West Virginia spoke in favor of the agricultural bill.

At the conclusion of his remarks Mr. Morrill spoke in opposition to the

WASHINGTON.

The Work of the Balance of the Second Session of Congress.

Many Clingled Antagonisms to be Reconciled Before the End.

Special Correspondence of the Gazette.

Washington, January 13.—Congress has now been in session thirty-five days, and has forty-three days, not counting Sundays, remaining. The appropriation bills will consume much of the remaining time, and the tariff and revenue bills will not be passed without lengthy debate.

Before the end of the next week the senate and house will have separate revenue bills under consideration. It will require energy, tact, vigilance, and, I might say, genius and stoicism to secure the passage of a measure reducing the revenue. Indeed it is difficult to see how so many "clingled antagonisms" can be reconciled, but congress realizes that the demand for the reduction of taxation is imperative, and taxes and the tariff will be reduced in spite of the most formidable protesting lobby that ever besieged the capitol.

The total reductions proposed in the bill reported from the finance committee, and now pending in the senate, amount to \$79,839,324, of which \$45,049,000 are to come from the tariff and \$34,790,324 from internal taxation. All internal taxes, save those upon tobacco, in its several forms, spirits and beer, are abolished by the bill.

Mr. Morrill, who is one of the most careful students of national finances in congress, thinks this is as far in the way of reductions as it would be safe to go. He has some apprehensions of another monetary crisis, and thinks congress should pay heed to the storm signals which have of late been frequently visible in the financial horizon.

The surplus estimated by the secretary of the treasury is \$74,719,837, or about \$5,000,000 less than the proposed reductions. A reduction of letter postage to two cents will cause a falling off in the revenue of about \$5,559,916 (estimated), and the pension expenditures are increasing to such proportions as to make it uncertain how much can be spared from the government revenues. It is, perhaps, quite safe to predict that the senate will go fully as far as the finance committee recommend in the direction of reductions. In fact, it is probable that that body will go beyond the committee in this respect. The bill is not satisfactory to those who advocate a liberal cutting down of tariff duties, and they will make every effort to amend it so as to embody their ideas of what a tariff bill should be. This element seems to be stronger in the senate than in the house, and hence the tariff reformers prefer to start tariff legislation in the former body. The Republicans feel that they must, as a matter of party policy, meet the popular demand for tariff legislation at this season, and rather than have such legislation fail by reason of the determined opposition of the tariff reformers, they will probably make concessions, in the way of reductions, which they would not assent to if they were strong enough in congress to enact such a law as they prefer.

Now that the civil service bill has passed both houses of congress and is certain to receive the approval of the president, candid opinions are being expressed about it. The bill is getting more kicks than compliments. Republicans regard the measure as one of policy more than principle. In supporting it the Republicans were not only obeying what was considered the popular will, but they were making a good stroke for the party. In the event of Democratic success in 1884 the law would serve to keep Republicans in office. It cannot be expected that a bill passed under these conditions and circumstances would be by any means perfect. It is admitted on all hands that the bill is crude, and many who gave it active support excuse its shortcomings by saying it is but a start in the right direction; that it merely blazes the way for other and succeeding congresses to follow through a trackless and untraveled forest. What the bill may accomplish depends largely upon the president. He is really invested with power enough to make it a fair success or a total failure.

For two days we have had the phenomenon of fine sleighing in Washington, and it is astonishing what a large number of sleighs, many of them elegant structures, have appeared on the avenue. To-day there was a sleighing carnival on the avenue, which, although a very impromptu affair, was quite successful in grotesque and comic effects. Three prizes were offered to the three turnouts presenting the most striking tableaux. Hundreds of sleighs appeared, each filled with masked groups, and the avenue was lined with as many as twenty thousand spectators.

Holiday bill, and was followed by Mr. Cameron of Wisconsin, who demanded the reading of the report of the committee on claims on the Holiday case. While the report was being read the morning hour closed, and the tariff bill came up as unfinished business.

The senate resumed the consideration of the tariff schedule. On motion of Mr. Miller of New York the duty on hemlock and other bark used for farming, not otherwise enumerated, was fixed at 20 per cent. ad valorem.

On motion of Mr. Garland cotton seed oil was included among the other oils on which duty is 25 cents per gallon.

The duty on asbestos manufacturing was raised from 20 to 25 per cent. ad valorem. The rate on whitening and Paris white ground in oil or putty was fixed at one cent per pound.

Mr. Gorman moved to make the duty on bichromate of potash 34 instead of 3 cents per pound.

After some debate the senate just before 4 o'clock went in executive session, and when the doors were reopened the senate adjourned.

House.

Joseph Wheeler was sworn as representative from the eighth district of Alabama.

Mr. Bragg endeavored to have the Fitz John Porter bill considered but objections were raised by Messrs. Davis and Taylor of Ohio.

Under a call of states a number of bills were introduced and referred.

Mr. Curtis of Pennsylvania presented a petition of subscribers to the Philadelphia centennial stock, asking for an appropriation to pay a deficit of appropriations.

Mr. White of Kentucky offered a resolution reciting the allegations that a well organized lobby rushed the bonded extension bill through the house on April 3d, 1882, and calling on the secretary of treasury for his views as to the effect the passage of the bill will have on the public revenues.

Mr. Garrison of Louisiana presented a bill to convene the Forty-Eighth Congress the first Monday in March, 1888, if referred.

By Mr. Belmont of New York—A resolution directing the committee on ways and means to report to the house forthwith whether any class of industry requires aid or support from the Federal government, either in form of custom duty levied, or imported articles or in other form, as bounty, subsidy, charity or donation, and, if so, what.

By Mr. Geddes of Ohio—Allowing newspapers to be sent through the mails free to actual subscribers.

At the conclusion of the call of states, the speaker called the committee for a motion to suspend the rules.

On motion of Mr. Sherman of Illinois the resolution was adopted by 129 to 29, making the bill for the support of common schools, reported by the committee on education and labor, a special order for the 20th inst.

Mr. Price of Missouri, from the committee on pensions, moved to suspend the rules and adopt the resolutions making the bill granting pensions to survivors of the Mexican and certain Indian wars, a special order for the first Tuesday in February. Adopted; yeas 157, nays 61.

The speaker presented a letter from the secretary of the navy, which reports to the naval advisory board as to the wisdom and expediency of completing the iron-clad Monadnock, Paritan, Amphetete and Terro. Referred and adjourned.

FORT WORTH GAS LIGHT CO.

DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF Gas, Steam & Water Pipes, VALVES, FITTINGS

AND Steam Brass Goods OF ALL KINDS.

AGENTS FOR

Patent Frictionless Check Valve, Gibson's Lift and Force Pump, Victor Globe Valve, Keystone Injector, Tile Call.

Fire Brick, Tile, Fire Clay for Sale.

Estimates given on all kinds of gas, steam, water and plumbing work, etc. Office and shop at Gas Works.

Call and examine Victor Globe Valve and Check Valve; best in the market.

PROFESSIONAL.

DR. A. J. LAWRENCE.

DENTIST, FORT WORTH, TEXAS.

OFFICE—In Seaton Building, over Wm. Brown's Grocery Store.

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JAS. M. ROBERTSON, Real Estate and Collecting Agent, MERIDIAN, ROSKOE COUNTY, TEXAS.

Will buy, sell, lease and rent lands, investigate and perfect titles, and do a general land agency business. Handles land in any county in Texas. Special attention to collections.

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OFFICE—At the Mansion Hotel, Fourth Street. Plans and specifications with all modern improvements, including estimates of the cost of every description of buildings in the city or country. Postoffice Box 39, 925.

F. E. DANIEL, M. D., J. A. MATTHEWS, M. D., DRs. DANIEL & MATTHEWS, SURGEONS AND PHYSICIANS.

Office on Second street between Main and Houston—First National Bank building. Telephone connections.

FORT WORTH, TEXAS.

TEMPLE HOUSTON, Attorney at Law, MOREETIE, WHEELER COUNTY, TEXAS.

In prompt attendance on all the District Courts of the Pan-Handle. Civil Business a Specialty; will Render Land for Taxes; Pay Taxes on land; Investigate and Perfect Titles to land; and Redeem Land Sold for Taxes; Lands Bought and Sold on Commission; Collections quickly made and remitted; Correspondence solicited and information accurately and readily furnished.

National Hotel, HENRIETTA, TEXAS.

This hotel has been newly furnished, and is prepared to accommodate the public. The proprietor, A. C. Swinburn, is an experienced hotel keeper, and will spare neither time or expense to accommodate his guests.

SOUTH OF SQUARE.

HENRY & SANDIDGE HARDWARE

Agricultural Implements, Iron, Wagon and Plow. Browne Sulkey, Buford, Brinley and Other Plows.

BARBED AND PLAIN WIRE. Blacksmith and Carpenter Tools a Specialty.

COR. FOURTH AND HOUSTON STS.

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New House! New Furniture!

Within a Few Steps of the Union Depot, Fort Worth, Texas

CAPT. SOULE, Clerk. WM. H. ALDRIDGE, Proprietor.

All Passenger Trains start from the Union Depot. Streetcars pass the depot.

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Manufacturer of, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Saddlery, Hardware, Harness, Bridles

MANUFACTURES THE WORLD-REOWNED Tackabery Saddle Tree

Will furnish merchants at closest market prices. Fine saddles and harness made to order.

WM. BROWN

THE FORT WORTH GROCER

DEALER IN—STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES

Tobacco and Cigars, California Fruits and Canned Goods.

Call: you will find a large and fresh stock to select from, at Bottom (Prison) corner of Houston and First street, at J. H. Brown's old stand.

T. W. POWELL

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN Drugs, Medicines, Paints

OILS, DYE STUFFS, WINDOW GLASS, ETC.

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Livery, Carriage and Omnibus Line.

Orders left at the stable or El Paso Hotel. Horses and Mules bought and sold at lowest prices. Largest and finest equipment of any stable in North Texas. Give Bob a call.

Cor. Throckmorton and Third Streets, Fort Worth, Texas.

SUFFER

no longer from Dyspepsia, Indigestion, want of Appetite, loss of Strength, lack of Energy, Malaria, Intermittent Fevers, &c.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS never fails to cure all these diseases.

Boston, November 25, 1887.

BROWN CHEMICAL CO. Gentlemen—For years I have been a sufferer from Dyspepsia, and could get no relief having tried everything which was recommended, until, acting on the advice of a friend, who had been benefited by Brown's Iron Bitters, I tried a bottle, with most surprising results. Previous to taking Brown's Iron Bitters, everything I ate or drank troubled me, and I suffered greatly from a burning sensation in the stomach, which was unbearable. Since taking Brown's Iron Bitters, all my troubles are at an end. Can eat any time without any disagreeable results. I am practically another person.

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BROWN'S IRON BITTERS acts like a charm on the digestive organs, removing all dyspeptic symptoms, such as tasting the food, Belching, Heat in the Stomach, Heartburn, etc. The only Iron Preparation that will not blacken the teeth or give headache.

Sold by all Druggists.

Brown Chemical Co. Baltimore, Md.

See that all Iron Bitters are made by Brown Chemical Co. Baltimore, and have crossed red lines and trademark on wrapper.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

REST

not life is swooping by, go and dare before you die, something mighty and sublime leaves behind to conquer time. See a week in your own town; \$1 outfit free. No risk. We will furnish new. Capital not required. We are making fortunes. Ladies make as much as men, and boys and girls make great pay. Reader, if you want business at which you can make great pay all the time, write for particulars to H. HALLETT & CO., Portland, Maine.

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HARDWARE AND STOVE

At Cost!

WE WILL MAKE SPECIALTIES OF

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